Shipper on services de 1100 services de	LINER BILL ocument 5-3 F	OF LADING 1160 07/28/2006 Bolorence Nº	<sup>f</sup> /Page 2 of 3
Consignue RUEHNE & NAGEL S.A. AV. CARLOS GONZALES 212 SAN MIGUEL - LIMA PERU AS AGENT OF BLUE ANCHOR LINE	· <del></del>	·	(
Notify actions nagel s.a.  AV. Carlos gonzales 212  SAN MIGUEL - LIMA PERU  AS AGENT OF BLUE ANCHOR LINE			
Pro-carriage by' Place of receipt by pre-carrier'			
Vesselbal traveller 1 Port of loading			,
Port of discharge Place of delivery by on-carner CALLAC	····		
AMBEY BRASIL PARA PLANTA DE FCL/FCL CARGA SUELTA 489 PIECES 21 CNTR'S COMO C	IARIAS Y MATERIALES INDUSTRIA CERVECERA CONTENEDORES DE 40'DV SAI TOW COUNT COMO SIGUE:	Gross weight 1,225,130,05 D TO CONTAIN	Measurement 12,947.640cbm
	WN CONTAINER WITH	26.490,00	
GSTU 738015-9 40°DV SHIPPER'S O Seal BK 008068 609 VOLS	WN CONTAINER WITH	17.576,00	÷
INBU 458089-7 40'DV SHIPPER'S O' 31 VOLS	40°DV SHIPPER'S OWN CONTAINER WITH 17.575,00		
	ed by the Merchant		
elght details, charges oto	SHIPPED on board in apparent good order and condition, weight, measure, marks, numbers, quality, contonts and value unknown, for carriage to the Port of Discharge or so near thereunto as the Vessel may safely get and be always affect, to be delivered in the like good order and condition at the always affect, to be delivered in the like good order and condition at the alorosaid Port unto Consignees or their Assigns, they paying freight as indicated to the loft plus other charges incurred in accordance with the provisions contained in this Bill of Lading. In accepting this Bill of Lading the Merchant expressly accepts and agrees to all its stipulations on both pages, whother written, printed, stamped or otherwise incorporated, as fully as if they were all signed by the Merchant.		
y démurrage rate (additional Clause A)	One original Billot Lading r for the goods or delivery of LN WIINESS wherea	nust be surrandered duly end	the sinned the

of which being accomplished, the others to stand void.

Applicable only whall of Lading	en document us	ed ax n	Through

and add by Cr. C., Kniudizon A/S angedia, Cit. 1250 Copenhagon K, Tolefax +453390 (184, Miy of The Battic and International Maritime Conferenco, 1. Computers

Freigth payable at

Place and date of issue

Number of original Bs/L

Signature

## LTS Document 5-3 Filed 07/28/2006 Page 3 of 3 Case 1:06-cy-05648-LTS

Definition. ", Definition.

Wherever the term "Merchant" is used in this Bill of Lading, it shall be deemed to include the Shipper, the Receiver, the Consignee, the Holder of the Bill of Lading and the Owner of the cargo.

per, the Receiver, the Consignee, the Holder of the Bill of Lading and the Owner of the cargo.

2 General Paramount Clause.

The Hague Rules contained in the International Convention for the Unification of certain rules relating to Bills of Lading, dated Brussels the 25th August 1924 as enacted in the country of shipment shall apply to this contract. When no such enactment is in force in the country of shipment, the corresponding legislation of the country of destination shall apply but in respect of shipments to which no such enactments are computsorily applicable, the terms of the said Convention shall apply. Trades where Hague-Visby Rules apply. In trades where the International Brussels Convention 1924 as amended by the Protocol signed at Brussels on February 23rd 1968 – The Hague-Visby Rules – apply compulsorily, the provisions of the respective legislation shall be considered incorporated in this Bill of Lading. The Carrier takes all reservations possible under such applicable legislation, relating to the period before loading and after discharging and whills the goods are in the charge of another Carrier, and to deck cargo and live animals. and live animals.

Jurisdiction.

3. Jurisdiction.
Any dispute arising under this Bill of Lading shall be decided in the country where the carrier has his principal place of business and the law of such country shall apply except as provided elsewhere

4. Period of Responsibility.

4. Period of Hesponsinity. The Carrier or his Agent shall not be liable for loss of or damage to the goods during the period before loading and after discharge from the vessel, how-soever such loss or damage arises.

soever such loss or damage arises.

5. The Scope of Yoyage.
As the vessel is engaged in liner service the intended voyage shall not be limited to the direct route but shall be deemed to include any proceeding or returning to or stopping or slowing down at or off any ports or places for any reasonable purpose connected with the service including maintenance of vessel and crew.

Substitution of Vessel, Transhipment and

Forwarding. Whether expressly arranged beforehand or otherwise, the Carrier shall be at liberty to carry the goods to their port of destination by the said or other vessel or vessels either belonging to the Carrier or others, or by other means of transport, proceeding either directly or indirectly to such port and to carry the goods or part of them beyond their port of destination, and to tranship, land and store the goods either on shore or aftoat and reship and forward the same at Carrier's expense but at Merchant's risk. When the ultimate destination at which the Carrier may have engaged to deliver the goods

chant's risk. When the ultimate destination at which the Carrier may have engaged to deliver the goods is other than the vessel's port of discharge, the Carrier acts as Forwarding Agent only. The responsibility of the Carrier shall be limited to the part of the transport performed by him on vessels under his management and no claim will be acknowledged by the Carrier for damage or loss arising during any other part of the transport even though the freight for the whole transport has been collected by him.

7. Lighterage.
Any lightering in or off ports of loading or ports of discharge to be for the account of the Merchant.

8. Loading, Discharging and Delivery of the cargo shall be arranged by the Carrier's Agent unless otherwise agreed. Landing, storing and delivery shall be for the Mer-

chant's account.
Loading and discharging may commence without previous notice.
The Merchant or his Assign shall tender the goods

The Merchant or his Assign shall tender the goods when the vessel is ready to load and as fast as the vessel can receive and — but only if required by the Carrier — also outside ordinary working hours notwithstanding any custom of the port. Otherwise the Carrier shall be relieved of any obligation to load such cargo and the vessel may leave the port without birther notice and deadfreight is to be paid. The Merchant or his Assign shall take delivery of the goods and continue to receive the goods as fast as the vessel can deliver and — but only if required by the Carrier — also outside ordinary working hours notwithstanding any custom of the port. Otherwise the Carrier shall be at liberty to discharge to be deemed a true fulfillment of the contract, or alternatively to act under Clause 16.

The Merchant shall bear all overtime charges in connection with tendering and taking delivery of the goods as above.

If the goods are not applied for within a reasonable time, the Carrier may self the same privately or by suction.

auction.
The Merchant shall accept his reasonable proportion of unidentified loose cargo.

9. Live Animais and Deck Cargo shall be carried subject to the Hague Rules as referred to in Clause 2 heroof with the exception that notwithstanding anything contained in Clause 19 the Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from any act, neglect or default of his servants in the management of such animais and dack cargo.

la) Prepayable freight, whether actually paid or not, shall be considered as fully earned upon loading and non-returnable in any event. The Carrier's claim for any charges under this contract shall be considered definitely payable in like manner as soon as the charges have been incurred. Instrest at 5 per cent., shall run from the date when freight and charges are due.

(b) The Merchant shall be liable for expenses of typication and of charges and seed.

(b) The Merchant shall be liable for expenses of funigation and of gathering and sorting loose cargo and of weighing onboard and expenses incurred in repairing damage to and replacing of packing due to excepted causes and for all expenses caused by extra handling of the cargo for any of the aforementioned reasons.
(c) Any dues, duties, taxes and charges which under the committee may be be used on any have such

Ic) Any dues, duties, taxes and charges which under any denomination may be levied on any basis such as amount of freight, weight of cargo or tonnage of the vessel shall be paid by the Merchant. (d) The Merchant shall be liable for all fines and or losses which the Carrier, vessel or cargo may incur through non-observance of Custom House and/or import or export regulations.

(e) The Carrier is entitled in case of incorrect declaration of contents, weights, measurements or value of the goods to claim double the amount of freight which would have been due if such declaration had been correctly given. For the purpose of ascertaining the actual facts, the Carrier reserves the right to obtain from the Merchant the orignal invoice and to have the contents inspected and the weight, measurement or value vertified. weigth, measurement or value verified

12. Lien.

The Carrier shall have a lien for any amount due under this contract and costs of recovering same and shall be entitled to self the goods privately or by auction to cover any claims

13. Delay.

The Carrier shall not be responsible for any loss sustained by the Merchant through delay of the goods unless caused by the Carrier's personal gross negligence

negligence.

14. General Average and Salvage.

General Average to be adjusted at any port or place at Carrier's option and to be settled according to the York-Antwerp Rules 1974. In the event of accident, danger, damage or disaster before or after commencement of the voyage resulting from any cause whatsoever, whether due to negligence or not, for which or for the consequence of which the Carrier is not responsible by statute, contract or otherwise, the Merchant shall contribute with the Carrier in General Average to the payment of any sacrifice, losses or expenses of a General Average nature that may be made or incurred, and shall pay salvage and special charges incurred in respect of the goods, if a salving vessel is owned or operated by the Carrier, salvage shall be paid for as fully as if the salving vessel or vessels belonged to strangers. gers.

if the salving vessel or vessels belonged to strangers.

15. Both-to-Blame Collision Clause. (This clause to remain in effect even if unenforcible in the Courts of the United States of America). If the vessel comes into collision with another vessel as a result of the negligence of the other vessel and any act, negligence or default of the Master, Mariner, Pilot or the servants of the Carrier in the navigation or in the management of the vessel, the Merchant will indemnify the Carrier against all loss or liability to the other or non-carrying vessel or her Owner in so far as such loss or liability to the other or non-carrying vessel or her owner of the said goods paid or payable by the other or non-carrying vessel or her owner of said cargo and set-off, or recouped or recovered by the other or non-carrying vessel or carrier. The foregoing provisions shall also apply where the Owner, operator or those in charge of any vessel or vessels or objects other than, or in addition to, the colliding vessels or contact.

Government directions, War, Epidemics, Ice,

16. Government directions, War, Epidemics, Ice, Strikes, etc.

(a) The Master and the Carrier shall have liberty to comply with any order or directions or recommendations in connection with the transport under this contract given by any Government or Authority, or anybody acting or purporiting to act on behalf of such Government or Authority, or anybody acting or purporiting to act on behalf of such Government or Authority, or anybody acting or purporiting to fight to such Government or Authority, or anybody acting for purporiting to act on the learns of the insurence on the vessel the right to give such orders or directions or recommendations.

(b) Should it appear that the performance of the transport would expose the vessel or any goods on-board to risk of seizure or damage or delay, resulting from war, warlike operations, blockade, riots, civil commotions or piracy, or any person onboard to the risk of loss of life or freedom, or that any such risk has increased, the Master may discharge the cargo at port of loading or any other safe and convenient port.

(c) Should it appear that epidemics, quarantine, ice labour troubles, labour obstructions, strikes, lockade and which ophograf or on shore - difficulties

assiting from any act, neglect or default of his about roubles, labour obstructions, strikes, lock-deck cargo.

10. Options.

The port of discharge for optional cargo must be declared to the vessel's Agents at the first of the

optional ports not later than 48 hours before the safely and without delay, the Master may discharge the cargo at port of loading or any other safe and claration the Carrier may elect to discharge at the circular or any other optional port and the contract of carriage shall then be considered as having been fulfilled. Any option can be exercised for the total quantity under this Bill of Lading only.

11. Freight and Charges.

12) Prepayable freight, whether actually paid or not, shall be considered as fulfy earned upon loading and non-returnable in any event. The Carrier's claim if any and a reasonable compensation for any extra services rendered to the goods.

if any and a reasonable compensation for any extra services rendered to the goods.

(e) If any situation referred to in this clause may be anticipated, or if for any such reason the vessel cannot safely and without delay reach or enter the loading port or must undergo repairs, the Carrier may cancel the contract before the Bill of Lading

The Merchant shall be informed if possible

17. Identify of Carrier.

17. Identify of Carrier.

The Contract evidenced by this Bill of Lading is between the Merchant and the Owner of the vessel named herein (or substitute) and it is therefore agreed that said Shipowner only shall be liable for any damage or loss due to any breach or non-performance of any obligation arising out of the contract of carriage, whether or not relating to the vessel's seaworthiness. If, despite the foregoing, it is adjudged that any other is the Carrier and/or bailee of the goods shipped hereunder, all limitations of, and exonerations from, liability provided for by law or by this Bill of Lading shall be available to such other.

other.
It is further understood and agreed that as the Line Company or Agents who has executed this Bill of Lading for and on behalf of the Master is not a principal in the transaction, said Line, Company or Agents shall not be under any liability arising out of the contract of carriage, nor as Carrier nor bailed the result the result of the result o

of the goods.

18. Exemptions and immunities of all servents and

of the goods.

18. Exemptions and Immunities of all servants and agents of the Carrier.

It is hereby expressly agreed that no servant or agent of the Carrier (including every independent contractor from time to time employed by the Carrier) shall in any circumstances whatsoever be under any liability whatsoever to the Merchant for any loss, damage or delay arising or resulting directly or indirectly from any act, neglect or default on his part while acting in the course of or in connection with his employment and, but without prejudice to the generality of the foragoing provisions in this clause, every exemption, limitation, condition and liberty herein contained and every right, exemption from liability, defence and immunity of whatsoever nature applicable to the Carrier or to which the Carrier is entitled hereunder shall also be available and shall extend to protect every such servant or agent of the Carrier acting as aforesaid and for the purpose of all the foregoing provisions of this clause the Carrier is or shall be deemed to be acting as agent or trustee on behalf of and for the benefit of all persons who are or might be his servants or agents from time to time (including independent contractors as aforesaid) and all such persons shall to this extent be or be deemed to be parties to the contract evidenced by this Bill of Lading.

The Carrier shall be entitled to be paid by the Merchant or any other from such servant or agent of the Carrier for any such loss, damage or delay or otherwise.

19. Optional Stowage, Unitization,
(a) Goods may be stowed by the Carrier as received,
or, at Carrier's option, by means of containers, or
similar articles of transport used to consolidate

similar articles of the solution of the soluti Merchant.

(c) The Carrier's liability for cargo stowed as afore-

(c) the Carrier's liability for cargo stowed as afore-said shall be governed by the Hague Rules as de-fined above notwithstanding the fact that the goods are being carried on deck and the goods shall con-tribute to general average and shall receive com-pensation in general average.

## ADDITIONAL CLAUSES

(To be added if required in the contemplated trade).

To be added if required in the contemplated trade). A. Demurrage.

The Carrier shall be paid demurrage at the daily rate per ton of the vessel's gross register tonnage as indicated on Page 2 if the vessel is not loaded or discharged with the dispatch set out in Clause 8, any delay in waiting for berth at or off port to count. Provided that if the delay is due to causes beyond the control of the Merchant, 24 hours shall be deducted from the time on demurrage.

Each Merchant shall be liable towards the Carrier for a proportionate part of the total demurrage due, based upon the total freight on the goods to be loaded or discharged at the port in question. No Merchant shall be liable in demurrage for any delay arisen only in connection with goods belonging to other Merchants. The demurrage in respect of each parcel shall not exceed its freight. (This Clause shall only apply if the Demurrage Box on Page 2 is filled in).

8. U.S. Trade. Period of Responsibility. In case the Contract evidenced by this Sill of Lading is subject to the U.S. Carriage of Goods by Sea Act, then the provisions stated in said Act shall govern before loading and after discharge and throughout the entire time the goods are in the Carrier's custody.